

SYNODIDAE: CORRECT NAME FOR LIZARDFISH FAMILY**ABSTRACT**

The family name Synodontidae based on the African freshwater catfish *Synodontis* Cuvier, 1817, is not applicable to the lizardfishes, the correct family name for which is Synodidae, based on *Synodus* Scopoli, 1777.

THERE are two families of unrelated fishes to whom the same family name - Synodontidae (based on *Synodontis* Cuvier, 1817, the type-genus of the family of African freshwater catfishes) - continues to be applied by many taxonomists as well as by fisheries scientists: the marine, warmwater lizardfishes *Synodus* (Gronow) Scopoli, 1777; *Saurida* Valenciennes, 1849; *Trachinocephalus* Gill, 1861, and the African freshwater catfish family comprising *Synodontis* Cuvier, 1817 and *Mochokus* Joannis, 1835.

Nineteenth century taxonomists placed the lizardfishes in Scopelidae (Günther, 1864; Playfair and Günther, 1866; Day, 1878; Klunzinger, 1879). Jordan (1905; also 1923) was one of the first to transfer them (incorrectly) to Synodontidae. Regan (1911 a, 1911 b) did a rather surprising thing in the course of one year: he used the name Synodontidae for lizardfishes as well as for the African catfish family in his

two publications respectively. After Regan (1911 a), a large number of authors from different parts of the world continue to report or describe lizardfishes under Synodontidae (Jordan *et al.*, 1913; Jordan, 1923; McCulloch, 1929; Norman, 1935; Hildebrand, 1946; Schultz *et al.*, 1953; Munro, 1955; Perlmuter, 1961; Lagler *et al.*, 1962; Greenwood *et al.*, 1966; Bailey *et al.*, 1970). It was Berg (1940) who used the name Synodidae (based on *Synodus* (Gronow) Scopoli, 1777, the type-genus of the lizardfish family) for the first time for lizardfishes, but relatively few taxonomists (e.g., Fowler, 1956; Smith and Smith, 1963) have followed him.

The African genera *Synodontis* and *Mochokus* were earlier placed in Siluridae (Gunther, 1864; Playfair and Gunther, 1866; Boulenger, 1907, 1911), but Regan

The African genera *Synodontis* and *Mochokus* were earlier placed in Siluridae (Günther, 1864; Playfair and Günther, 1866; Boulenger, 1907, 1911), but Regan (1911 b) correctly used the name Synodontidae for them, although almost simultaneously (and incorrectly), he used it (1911 a) also for lizardfishes. Though Berg (1940) implicitly made the position clear, some taxonomists, mainly American, refer to the African catfish family as Mochokidae (Axelrod and Schultz, 1955; Frey, 1961; Lagler *et al.*, 1962; Greenwood *et al.*, 1966), rather than place the lizardfishes in Synodidae.

S. DUTT

*Department of Zoology,
A. U. Postgraduate Centre,
Guntur 522005 (A. P.), India.*

REFERENCES

- AXELROD, H. R. and L. P. SCHULTZ 1955. *Handbook of tropical aquarium fishes*. McGraw-Hill Book Co., Inc., New York.
- BAILEY, R. M., J. E. FITCH, E. S. HERALD, E. A. LACHNER, C. C. LINDSEY, C. R. ROBINS, and W. B. SCOTT 1970. *American Fish. Soc., Spec. Publ.*, 6, Washington D. C., 149 pp.
- BERG, L. S. 1940. *Trav. Inst. Zool. Acad. Sci. U. S. S. R.*, 5 (2), 517 pp. (Reprint, Russian and English texts, Ann Arbor, Michigan, 1947).
- BOULENGER, G. A. 1907. *Zoology of Egypt: The fishes of the Nile*. Text published for the Egyptian Government by Hugh Rees, Ltd., 119 Pall Mall, London, S. W., ix + 578 pp.
- 1911. *Catalogue of the fresh-water fishes of Africa in the British Museum (Nat. Hist.)*. London, 2 xii + 529 pp.
- DAY, F. 1878. *The fishes of India*. William Dawson and Sons, Ltd., London (reprinted 1958).
- FOWLER, H. M. 1928. *Mem. Bernice P. Bishop Mus.*, Honolulu, 10: 64-66.
- 1949. *Ibid.*, 12 (2) : 53.
- 1956. *Fishes of the Red Sea and Southern Arabia. Vol. I Branchiostomida to Polynemida*. The Weizmann Science Press of Israel, Jerusalem, 240 pp.
- FREY, H. 1961. *Illustrated dictionary of tropical fishes*. T. F. H. Publins., Inc.
- GREENWOOD, P. H., D. E. ROSEN, S. H. WEITZMAN and G. S. MYERS 1966. *Bull. American Mus. nat. Hist.*, 131, art. 4: 339-455.
- GUNTHER, A. 1864. *Catalogue of the fishes in the British Museum*. London, printed by order of the Trustees, 5, xxii + 455 pp.
- HILDEBRAND, S. F. 1946. *U. S. Nat. Mus., Bull.*, 189, xi + 530 pp.

- JORDAN, D. S. 1905. *A guide to the study of fishes*. Henry Holt and Co., New York, 2, xxii + 599 pp.
- 1923. *Stanford Univ. Publ., Univ. Ser., Biol. Sci.*, 3 (2): 77-243.
- , S. TANAKA, and J. O. SNYDER 1913. *J. College of Sci., Imp. Univ. Tokyo*, 33 art. 1, 497 pp.
- KLUNZINGER, G. B. 1879. *Sitzb. der König. Akad. der Wissenschaften*, 80 Bande, I Abth., Nov.-Heft, 106 pp. + 9 Tables.
- LAGLER, K. F., J. E. BARDACH, and R. R. MILLER 1962. *Ichthyology: the study of fishes*. John Wiley, New York, XIII 545 pp.
- MATSUBARA, K. 1938. *J. Imp. Fish. Inst.*, 33 (1) : 1-26.
- McCULLOCH, A. R. 1929. *The Australian Mus.*, Sydney, Mem., 5 X, + 534 pp.
- MUNRO, I. S. R. 1955. *The marine and fresh water fishes of Ceylon*. Dept. Ext. Affairs, Canberra, xvi + 351 pp., 56 pl.
- NORMAN, J. R. 1935. *Proc. Zool. Soc. London*, Pt. 1: 99-135.
- PERLMUTTER, A. 1961. *Guide to marine fishes*. New York Univ. Press, 431 pp.
- PLAYFAIR, R. L., and A. C. L. G. GÜNTHER 1866. *The fishes of Zanzibar*. John Van Voorst, London, xiv + 153 pp., XXI plates.
- REGAN, C. T. 1911 a. *Ann. Mag. nat. Hist.*, 8th ser., 7 (37): 120-133.
- 1911 b. *Ibid.*, 8th ser., 8, 553-577.
- SCHULTZ, L. P., E. S. HERALD, E. A. LACHNER, A. D. WELANDER, and L. P. WOODS 1953. *U.S. Nat. Mus., Bull.*, 202, XXXII + 685 pp.
- SMITH, J. L. B. and M. M. SMITH, 1963. *The fishes of Seychelles*. The Dept. of Ichthyol., Rhodes Univ., Grahamstown, 215 pp.